PATENT COOPERATION TREAT CAPTO 2 3 MAR 2005

From the INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINING AUTHORITY

5781

To:

SCHWANDER, Kuno Josef ROCHE VITAMINS LTD Wurmisweg 576 CH-4303 Kaiseraugst SUISSE PCT

NOTIFICATION OF TRANSMITTAL OF THE INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Rule 71.1)

Date of mailing

(day/month/year)

22.10.2004

Applicant's or agent's file reference

21418

IMPORTANT NOTIFICATION

International application No. PCT/EP 03/10494

International filing date (day/month/year)

Priority date (day/month/year)

22.09.2003 🗸

27.09.2002

Applicant

DSM IP ASSETS B:V: et al.

- 1. The applicant is hereby notified that this International Preliminary Examining Authority transmits herewith the international preliminary examination report and its annexes, if any, established on the international application.
- A copy of the report and its annexes, if any, is being transmitted to the International Bureau for communication to all the elected Offices.
- 3. Where required by any of the elected Offices, the International Bureau will prepare an English translation of the report (but not of any annexes) and will transmit such translation to those Offices.

4. REMINDER

The applicant must enter the national phase before each elected Office by performing certain acts (filing translations and paying national fees) within 30 months from the priority date (or later in some Offices) (Article 39(1)) (see also the reminder sent by the International Bureau with Form PCT/IB/301).

Where a translation of the international application must be furnished to an elected Office, that translation must contain a translation of any annexes to the international preliminary examination report. It is the applicant's responsibility to prepare and furnish such translation directly to each elected Office concerned.

For further details on the applicable time limits and requirements of the elected Offices, see Volume II of the PCT Applicant's Guide.

The applicant's attention is drawn to Article 33(5), which provides that the criteria of novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability described in Article 33(2) to (4) merely serve the purposes of international preliminary examination and that "any Contracting State may apply additional or different criteria for the purposes of deciding whether, in that State, the claimed inventions is patentable or not" (see also Article 27(5)). Such additional criteria may relate, for example, to exemptions from patentability, requirements for enabling disclosure, clarity and support for the claims.

Name and mailing address of the international preliminary examining authority:



European Patent Office - P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL-2280 HV Rijswijk - Pays Bas Tel. +31 70 340 - 2040 Tx: 31 651 epo nl Fax: +31 70 340 - 3016 **Authorized Officer**

de Haas, B

Tel. +31 70 340-4738



PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

App	licant's	s or ag	ent's file reference	T		Coo Notifica	W. C.	
21418				FOR FURTHER ACTION See Notification of Transmittal of International Preliminary Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416)				
International application No. PCT/EP 03/10494				International filing dat 22.09.2003	e (day/mon	th/year)	Priority date (day/month/year) 27.09.2002	
	rnation 2P17		ent Classification (IPC) or b	oth national classification	and IPC			
	Applicant DSM IP ASSETS B:V: et al.							
1.	This Auth	s inter hority	national preliminary exar and is transmitted to the	nination report has be applicant according to	en prepar o Article 3	red by this In 6.	nternational Preliminary Examining	
2.	. This REPORT consists of a total of 5 sheets, including this cover sheet.							
	This report is also accompanied by ANNEXES, i.e. sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have been amended and are the basis for this report and/or sheets containing rectifications made before this Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions under the PCT).							
	These annexes consist of a total of 1 sheets.							
3.	This	repo	rt contains indications rel	ating to the following i	items:			
	1	\boxtimes	Basis of the opinion				er e	
	П		Priority	•				
	Ш		Non-establishment of o	pinion with regard to	novelty, in	ventive step	and industrial applicability	
	IV		Lack of unity of invention			·	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	V Reasoned statement under Rule 66.2(a)(ii) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement					inventive step or industrial applicability;		
	VI		Certain documents cite				·	
	VII		Certain defects in the in	nternational application	n			
	VIII		Certain observations or	n the international app	lication			
Date of submission of the demand					Date of completion of this report			
18.03.2004					22.10.2004			
			address of the internationa	ı	Authorize	Authorized Officer		
preliminary examining authority: European Patent Office - P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL-2280 HV Rijswijk - Pays Bas Tel. +31 70 340 - 2040 Tx: 31 651 epo nl Fax: +31 70 340 - 3016					Scott, J	l ne No. +31 70	340-2206	

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No.

PCT/EP 03/10494

١.	Bas	sis	of	the	report

1. With regard to the **elements** of the international application (Replacement sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" and are not annexed to this report since they do not contain amendments (Rules 70.16 and 70.17)):

	De	Description, Pages							
	1-7		as originally filed						
	Cla	ims, Numbers	·						
	1-6	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	received on 21.09.2004 with letter of 21.09.2004						
2.	Wit lan	lith regard to the language , all the elements marked above were available or furnished to this Authority in the nguage in which the international application was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item.							
	The	These elements were available or furnished to this Authority in the following language: , which is:							
		the language of a tra	anslation furnished for the purposes of the international search (under Rule 23.1(b)).						
		the language of pub	lication of the international application (under Rule 48.3(b)).						
		the language of a tra Rule 55.2 and/or 55.	anslation furnished for the purposes of international preliminary examination (under 3).						
3.	 With regard to any nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application, international preliminary examination was carried out on the basis of the sequence listing: 								
		contained in the inte	rnational application in written form.						
		filed together with th	e international application in computer readable form.						
		furnished subsequer	ntly to this Authority in written form.						
		furnished subsequer	ntly to this Authority in computer readable form.						
		The statement that the subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond the disclosure in the international application as filed has been furnished.							
		The statement that t listing has been furn	he information recorded in computer readable form is identical to the written sequence ished.						
4.	The	amendments have re	esulted in the cancellation of:						
		the description,	pages:						
		the claims,	Nos.:						
		the drawings,	sheets:						
5.		This report has been been considered to g	established as if (some of) the amendments had not been made, since they have go beyond the disclosure as filed (Rule 70.2(c)).						
		(Any replacement sh report.)	neet containing such amendments must be referred to under item 1 and annexed to this						
3.	Additional observations, if necessary:								

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY **EXAMINATION REPORT**

International application No.

PCT/EP 03/10494

- V. Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement
- 1. Statement

Novelty (N)

Yes: Claims

No:

1-6

Yes: Claims

Claims

1-6

Inventive step (IS)

Claims

Industrial applicability (IA)

Yes: Claims

1-6

No: Claims

2. Citations and explanations

see separate sheet

Re Item V

Reasoned statement with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

1). Present Application

The present application relates to a process for the production of vitamin C from any of D-sorbitol, L-sorbose, L-sorbosone or L-gulose by (a) cultivating in an aqueous medium with Gluconobacter oxydans DSM 4025 (BP3812) then (b) isolating and purifying the vitamin C, which is microbially produced directly from the fermentation broth. This preferably takes place in a pH range of 4.0-9.0 and in a T range of 13-36°C for a time of 1 to 5 days.

2). Prior Art

Reference is made to the following documents:

D1: EP - A - 0 832 974 D2: US - A - 5 437 989

D1 discloses the production of 2-keto-L-gulonic acid from L-sorbose or D-sorbitol (p.3, I. 43-5) using G.oxydans strain DSM No. 4025. Moreover, L-sorbosone and D-gulose are also listed as converted (p.7, I.36 and 37). Vitamin C is easily produced from 2-keto-L-gulonic acid by methods known in the art (p.3, I.46-9).

D2 teaches the homogeneous alcohol/aldehyde dehydrogenase isolated from Gluconobacter oxydans strain DSM No. 4025 (FERM. BP-3812) is capable of catalysing the conversion of L-sorbose to 2-keto-L-gulonic acid via L-sorbosone at a pH between 7.0 and 9.0; at a T of 20-40°C (claim 1).

3). Novelty

The subject-matter of claims 1-6 of the present application is novel, in the sense of Article 33(2), PCT, over D1 and D2, by virtue of the fact that the vitamin C is microbially produced directly from the fermentation broth.

4). Inventive Step

EXAMINATION REPORT - SEPARATE SHEET

The present application is novel by virtue of the fact that the vitamin C is microbially produced directly from the fermentation broth. The benefit of this is that the number of complex chemical steps is reduced, and the problem to be solved is the provision of an improved, simplified process for the production of vitamin C from a microorganism. The prior art documents do not detail the possibility of isolating vitamin C from the fermentation broth - indeed they do not even try - preferring to go via another chemical intermediate. In essence, they teach away from the solution the applicant has found namely the direct isolation of vitamin C from the fermentation broth. Thus the subject matter of claims 1-6 is regarded as involving an inventive step in the sense of Article 33(3), PCT.



Case 21418 WO

JC14 Rec'd PCT/PTO 23 MAR 2005

- A process for the production of vitamin C from D-sorbitol, L-sorbose, L-sorbosone or L-gulose comprising the steps of:
- cultivating a microorganism in an aqueous nutrient medium containing Dsorbitol, L-sorbose, L-sorbosone or L-gulose, wherein the microorganism is selected from the group consisting of Gluconobacter oxydans DSM 4025 (FERM BP-3812), a microorganism belonging to the genus Gluconobacter and having identifying characteristics of G. oxydans DSM 4025 (FERM BP-3812) and mutants thereof, and
- (b) isolating and purifying the microbial produced vitamin C directly from the fermentation medium.
- A process for the production of vitamin C from D-sorbitol, L-sorbose, L-sorbosone or L-gulose wherein a microorganism is cultivated in an aqueous nutrient medium containing D-sorbitol, L-sorbose, L-sorbosone or L-gulose and the microbially produced vitamin C is isolated directly from the fermentation broth and purified by conventional methods, said microorganism being selected from the group consisting of Gluconobacter oxydans DSM 4025 (FERM BP-3812), a microorganism belonging to the genus Gluconobacter and having identifying characteristics of G. oxydans DSM 4025 (FERM BP-3812) and mutants thereof.
- 3. A process according to claim 1 or 2 wherein the microorganism is Gluconobacter oxydans DSM 4025 (FERM BP-3812).
- The process according to any one of the preceding claims wherein vitamin C is produced from L-gulose.
- 5. The process according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein the process is carried out at a pH in the range of about 4.0 to about 9.0 and in a temperature range from about 13°C to about 36°C for 1 to 5 days.
- The process according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein the process is carried out at a pH in the range of about 5.0 to about 8.0 and at a temperature range from about 18° to about 33°C for 1 to 3 days.